ASSOCIATED PRESS Leased Wire DAY AND NIGHT REPORTS.

WEATHER FORECAST. Unsettled Tonight and Sunday

# EL PASO HERALD

EL PASO, TEXAS. Saturday Evening, September 27, 1913-12 Pages

Former President Tells Progressives Murphy's Organization Is Menace.

PEOPLE MUST PASS ON SULZER'S CASE

R OCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 27.-In an address before the state an address before the state committee of the Progressive party here today, Col. Theodors Roosevelt declared that in the election in New York state this fall the dominant concern of the state should be to prevent Tammany from obtaining complete control of the state," and that "to this the lesser issues must give way."

In voting against Tammany, however,

Col. Roosevelt urged the voters to sup-port the Progressive party candidates to the end that they might defeat Tam-many without enthroning the "Barnes Republican machine" in its place. Four Important Matters.

"This year," the colonel said, "there are four matters of supreme political import before the people. The first, the election of an assembly, stands by itself. The other three are: First, the attempted impeachment of the gover-zor of the state; second, the city election in the city of New York, and the election of two judges of the court of appenis."

appents.

After emphasizing that the Progressive party was waging war against corrupt machines, Col. Roosevelt

Tammany Hall a Meance.

"At this moment that which contains the most of menace to all our state is Tammany hall. In New York City we Progressives are doing all we can to elect a non-partisan ticket, headed by a Progressive Democrat, a tried and excellent public official, John Purroy Mitchell, so as to keep the municipal government out of the control of Tammany Hall and make it an instrument not only for securing honesty in municipal affairs, but for bettering the living and working conditions of the menand women who toil with their hands.

Tammany's Fight on Sulzer.

"In the same fashion we battle

"In the same fashion we battle against Tammany Hall, in the governorship fight, because Tammany Hall is attacking the governor, not for what he may have done before the election. I wish to call the attention of the 'conservatives' who have professed such horror of the Progressive doctrine of the popular recall, to just what has been done by Tammany Hall in the absence of the popular recall. I ask you to consider whether you prefer the recall exercised by the peoples at the polls or exercised by Mr. Murphy at the end of a telephone.

Must be Passed Upon.

"I am not now discussing the merits"

"I am not now discussing the merits of the charges nor the evidence against governor Sulzer. I am not now speaking of any matter pending before the court of impeachment may of the allegations that will be considered by the court of impeachment, nor of the allegations afford only the nominal reason for his impeachment. All the matters now produced before that court were well known to the leaders of Tammany Hall at the time they were calling governor Sulzer a second Andrew Jackson. They remained silent about them until the governor refused to take his orders from the boss of Tammany Hall. The real reason for the governor's impeachment may not come before the body now trying him. But these real reasons, these real charges, must be passed on by the people."

Leaders Are There. "I am not now discussing the merits Lenders Are There.

Progressive leaders, state and national, including Theodore Roosevelt, are here today for the state conference of the party, to name candidates for chief judge and associate judge of the state court of appeals and formulate plans for the future of the party in the state.

A rumor that a boom for Roosevelt for governor would be launched at today's conference, was denied.

Guest at Luscheon. Guest at Luncheon.

Col. Roosevelt was the guest of the chamber of commerce at luncheon and delivered an address in which he discussed the government attitude toward business. From the luncheon he was driven to the convention conference of Progressive delegates.

# FIND WIFE'S BODY: HUSBAND IS SOUGHT

Peru, ind., Sept. 27—Officers are searching for Clyde Wilkinson, a farmer in this county. The mutilated body of his wife was found buried in a corn field back of the barn last evening. In the grave was also found a man's bloody coat and shirt.

bloody coat and shirt.

The woman disappeared August 29, and on that date Wilkinson began advertising a public sale, which was held two weeks ago. He has not been seen with some and his two sons are also missing.

Wikinson and his wife had been separated and on August 28 he sent for her, as their son was sick. The boy has recovered.

# FRENCH AVIATORS BEAT SPEED RECORD

Rheims, France, Sept. 27.—The re-markable speed of 118.6 miles an hour, benting the former world's record of 111½ miles an hour, was attained here today by both Emil Verdines and Manrice Provost, two French aviators. They were flying in the elimination trials to select a French team for the international aeroplane cup race next Monday,

DIAMOAD SMUGGLING CASE ON TRIAL BEFORE OLIVER ON TRIAL BEFORE OLIVER
The diamond smuggling case against Jose Diaz Lopez will be called this afternoon in United States commissioner Oliver's court for a preliminary hearing. Lopez was arrested on the charge of having smuggled diamonds to El Paso from Sonora, which he claimed to have been commissioned to sell and buy ammunition for the Sonora state rebels. He is now at liberty on hond.

MEN SUPPOSED LOST IN

ALASKAN WATERS ARE SAFE

Washington, D. C. Sept 27—A. N. Evans. commissioner of education for Alaska, and the crew of the schooner Waso, lost for days in the Bering sea, are safe at St. Michaels, 100 miles from Nome. The Wasp was wrecked. A wireless report to the revenue cutter Hardinas gives no details.

Governor's Accusers Subpena Ches. C. Platt While in Executive Chamber.

IMPORTANT WITNESS IS STILL MISSING

LBANY, N. Y. Sept. 27.—Chester C. Platt, secretary to governor Sulzer, today was subpensed as a witness for the board of managers in the impeachment trial of the governor. He was served in the executive chamber. The big unanswerable question in Albany today was whether Frederick L. Colwell, governor Sulzer's alleged "dummy" in his Wall street deals, would testify in the trial of the impeached executive. There was no session of the court today.

Probe Alleged Bartering.

Platt is to be questioned Monday in relation to the governor's alleged bartering of his political influence in connection with certain highway improvements.

The seventh article of the impeach-The seventh article of the impeachment charges contains the allegation that the governor promised assemblyman H. G. Prime, jr., that if he would work for legislation in which the governor was interested he would sign a bill already passed by the legislature appropriating \$800,000 for the improvement of highways in Frime's section of the state.

Surprise for Sulzer Counsel.
Governor Sulzer's attorneys were surprised by the testimony offered yesterday to the effect that the governor had attempted to influence testimony. None of them had the faintest inkling, it was learned, that such accusations were to be brought by the attorneys for the assembly managers.

# COURT HOLDS FRIEND OF SULZER IN JAIL

Supreme Judge Declines to Overrule Imprisonment of James C. Gar-rison by New York Assembly.

Hudson, N. Y., Sept. 27 .- James C. Garrison, friend of governor Sulzer, and former state employe, who made charges against certain assemblymen and declined to testify regarding them before the assembly, must remain in the Albany penitentiary until the assembly managers see fit to release him or this session of the legislature

expires.

Supreme court justice Cochran's sitting in the case of Garrison's special application for a writ of habeas corpus, so decided this afternoon. The court ruled that the assembly had acted as a court and, therefore, he had no right to interfere with its

ruling.
Garrison's attorney announced he would appeal the case.

# LAWYERS KEEP \$1500 OF SUM PAID GIRL

Prosecution Fails to Impeach the Testi-mony of Millionaire Banker Ac-cused by Young Girls.

Los Angeles, Culif., Sept. 27 .- Under cross examination in the trial of millionaire Geo. H. Bixby today W. H. Stevens, attorney for Marie Brown Levy, one of the girls, whose charges of immorality led to Bixby's arrest, said that of \$2500 paid by Octavius Morgan, a wealthy architect, to settle the damage claim of the Levy girl against him, only \$1000 went to the girl. Her attorney said he kept \$1500 as his fee. Prosecutor Asa Keyes said today

Prosecutor Asa Keyes said today that the attention of the county judge would be called to the actions of attorney Stevens and his partner, Charles McKelvey, who filed suits aggregating \$150,000 on behalf of several girls against Bixby. The millionaire's attorneys claim that the girls were members of an organized blackmail

Fail to Impeach Testimony. Judge Bledsoe vetoed an attempt of the prosecution to Impeach Bixby's testimony. The court ruled that testimony of inmates of the Jonquil, a no-torious resort, in refutation of Bixby's lectaration that his relations with them had not been immoral, would not be

admitted.

W. H. Stevens, one of the attorneys representing the accusers of Bixby, testified to having visited several frequenters of the Jonquil, including Bixby to "learn if there was foundation for suits against the men."

He admitted having received from Octavius Morgan, the aged architect whose refusal to testify was based on the ground that it might degrade him, \$2500 which the attorney said was given in voluntary settlement of the claims of the mothers of two girls against Morgan. Bixby, he said, refused through counsel to make similar settlements, whersupon damage suits were filed against him.

Flavored With Rich Food to Be Palatable.

NO DECREASE SHOWN IN EATING OF HUMANS

BERLIN, Germany, Sept. 27.—That cannibals seldo mest with cannibals seldo meat white cap tives, and then without particular zest, is the gist of a scientific report on the subject made by Dr. Hofman, formerly a consul in Africa and an authority on the subject of tribal cus-

Writing of the recent murder of the German-American mineralogist, John Ilenry Warner, by natives of New Guinea, Dr. Hofman asserts that the abstention of cannibals in Africa and of Guinea from the fiesh of white men N. M., yesterday, when the sun broke is not because they fear the spirit of the white victim, or his powers of magic, as has sometimes been assumed, but because they consider that it has an unpleasant taste due to the use of sharp spices and condiments and of salted dishes in the diet of the Euro-pean.

Saited disnes in the diet of the European.

Soak Them Alive for Days.

Dr. Heiman cites an article printed several years ago in a journal of Liberia, in which it was said that the cannibals in the Liberian territory cat a white man only when he has fallen into their hands alive. Then the victim is immersed to the neck in a running brook and held there by bonds for two or three days, on much the same principle that an ayster is "floated" in fresh water after being taken from the beds. Dr. Hotman had confirmation of this from a former cannibal.

taken from the beds. Dr. Hofman had confirmation of this from a former cannibal.

The reported killing and sating of Mr. Warner, in Papua, by the natives, has called attention to the fast that cannibalism is by no means stamped out in New Guinea. Warner believed that radium could be found in Papua and fell a victim to his own zeal. It is reported that his two native companions escaped his fate, the news of which they brought to the coast.

Is Still Practiced.

At one time official circles believed that cannibalism was a thing of the past in British New Guinea, but clear evidence that it has persisted into the present decade has been provided by unimpeachable witnesses. In a book published last year, J. H. P. Murray, lieutenant governor and chief judicial officer of Papua, has much to say about the practice of cannibalism among the natives of the island. He writes about boiling springs which not many years ago were made use of for cdoking sny prisoners captured in the village warfare. risoners captured in the viltage war-

fare.

Describing the northeastern division of the island, Murray quotes a native is witness, who, telling of the eating of human bodies, said: "We boil them; we cut them up and boil them in a pot. We boil babies, too: we cut them up like a pig. We eat them cold or hot; we eat the legs first. We eat them because they are like fish. We have fish in the creeks and kangaroos in the grass—but men are our real food."

Murray tells of the remark of a Fergusson islander to a stranger who wanted to buy betel nuts from him: "Why should I sell you betel nut. I am going to eat you." Which he promptly did. He also writes of a crew of shipwrecked Chinese, who were eaten one by one, until the captors, surfeited with the diet, peddled those who were feft around the coast selling them to the highest bidder. Wives, who ventured to look around during the funerals of their husbands, were killed and caten. One native who was concerned in the killing of a neighboring chief and his two wives, told of the subsequent eating of the victims with the utmost unconcern.

He told of eating the land of one wife, but refused to touch the other. as he had killed her, and it was not Bables Are Boiled. wife, but refused to touch the other, as he had killed her, and it was not the custom of his tribe to eat one's own victim. The two women were singed first, then cut up into small pieces, mixed with sago, cooked wrapped up in leaves, and distributed to the victors including. the victors, including women and

# Born Without Brain German Child Lives

to Age of Four Years Berlin, Germany, Sept. 27.—A German medical journal reports the case of a child born without a brain, which in splie of this handicap, lived to the age of almost four years. At the autropy it was found that both the cerebrum and cerebellum, the socalied "big" and "little" brain, were completely lacking, only the medulla oblongata being present. This little knot of brain lissue at the base of the main brain, which in fishes forms the sole brain, was able here to control the functions of the body necessary to a bare existence, but nothing more. The child lay in a state of coma, with contracted arms ami slmost motionless, during its whole existence, it was impossible to obtain the slightest mental reaction. slightest mental reaction.

# NOV. 9 TO BE TEXAS PURITY SUNDAY

Acting Governor Mayes Calls on All Acting Governor Mayes Calls on All Clergymen and Fraternal Organizations to Observe the Day.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 27.—Acting governor Will H. Mayes today issued a procamilation officially designating Sunday, November 2, as "Purity Sunday" and recommending that the questions to be dealt with by the National Purity congress be brought to the attention of the people throughout the state.

state.

He especially calls on the clergymen of all denominations and fraternal organizations to observe the day. This congress will hold its seventh international meeting at Minneapolis November 7 to 12 and its purpose is to create a public sentiment against those social evils "that undermine manhood and womanhood."

BOYS DISCOLOR WALLS OF SCHOOL WITH TOBACCO JUICE Believing that they are emulating the example of real srownup men, boys, some of them school boys, assemble every afternoon after school hours at the Alta Vista school, and spit tobacco juice on its walls. Straggling brown streams stain the walls of the new school.

The complaint is that the boys meet when the last teacher has left the building, and then the chewing fest begins. The walls are used for cuspidors. On account of the composition of the concrete walls of the school it is said that the stains cannot be easily removed. The police have been asked to break up the tobacco sessions.

Bisbee, After Running Through Hailstorm.

# FIND GOOD ROADS AND HOSPITALITY

(By G. A. Martin.)

RISBEE, Ariz., Sept. 27.—The Path-finding party for the El Paso-Phoenix race was laid up here this morn-repairing a broken front spring to J. Rand's car and waiting for John Wyatt to finish some business in Douglas and join us for the run to Tue-son and Phoenix.

had hardly crossed over the line at Rodeo,
N. M., yesterday, when the sun broke
through the clouds that had obscured
it from us for two and a half days in
New Mexico, and we have had sunshine
ever since. The roads from Rodeo
to Dougles are fast and we covered
o odd miles in about two hours yesterday afternoon, although we had
been all morning and until 2 oclock
in the afternoon, wallowing in bad
road from Gage to Rodeo. We found
some good road between Lordsburg and
Rodeo, but, owing to the recent rains,
much of the road was either washed
badly or muddy.

Caught in a Hail Storm.

Caught in a Hail Storm. Caught in a Hail Storm.

A hail and rain storm caught us in a flat out of Lordsburg and, besides drenching the party, made the reads had for a time. The roads were good over Granite Pass and it is one of the finest views in the country, to look out into the valley towards Douglas, from the top of this pass, it is worth the automobile trip all the way from El Paso. Ordinarily, when there is no rain, the roads would be called fast all the way from El Paso to Bisbee, which is as much of the Borderland route as we have covered to date.

Priored by Bisbee Man.

From Douglas to Bisbee, we covered

From Douglas to Bisbee, we covered the 28 miles last night, piloted by J. O. Bowen, of Bisbee, in a Studebaker six, in about 50 minutes. It is the finest piece of road in the west, not even excepting El Paso's boasted paved county road. Mr. Bowen, L. A. Brown, and J. H. Gray, secretary of the Warren Distret Commercial club, met us at Douglas.

Talk Over Auto Race.

On arrival at Bisbee, our ears were put up in Mr. Bowen's garage, we were put up at the Copper Queen, then given a big supper at the Edelweis cafe. Then Bisbee and El Paso talked over the auto race. A supper had been arranged for our party at the Copper Queen, but we were until so clock getting here and under the new Arizona law for working women, the waitresses could not be permitted to stay to serve the food, so the supper had to be had at a restaurant where they have men waiters.

Mr. Gray has been busy entertaining the El Pasoans and will accompany the party to Tucson and maybe to Phoenix.

Denwer, Colo., Sept. 21.—Representatives of the southern mine operators they are detailed that for the present they would make no further attempt to send strike breakers in the coal fields. The operators declare that mapny men now on strike will return to work as soon as they are assured that adequate protection will be provided. With these men employed: say the company representatives, no outsiders will be needed to work the mines.

The operators in reply to complaints of miners that they are being intimidated that of the present they would make no further attempt to send strike breakers in the coal fields. The coal fields The coal fields that of the present they would make no further attempt to send strike breakers in the coal fields. The coal fields that declay as the coal fields that declay as the coal fields. The coal fields that of the present they so falle southern mine operators today stated that for the present they sod she would make no further attempt to send strike breakers in the coal fields. The coal fields that for the present they sod she would make no further attempt to send strike breakers in the coal fields. The coal fields that for the present they sod she would make no further attempt to work in work in work in the coal fields. The coal fields that for the present they sod strike breakers in the coal fields. The coal fields that for the pout of the goal and the coal fields. The coal fields that for t Talk Over Auto Race,

Phoenix.

Telegrams received from ahead state that there have been no recent rains and that fast time should be made to Tucson and Phoenix. The party is now just 24 hours behind the original schedule.

Plenty of Hospitality.

Hospitality can be spelled in big let-ters and applied to all the people we have encountered on the trip. Every-where, we have been treated like "home folks" whether it was at a section house, a depot or a ranch house.

The first time we needed hospitality and needed it badly was the first night out. Leaving Deming Wednesday afternoon with the sun shining beautifully and the roads perfectly dry, we had not gone over 10 miles until a heavy black cloud bore down on us from the west and hegan to pour the rom the west and began to pour the

"Plensures" of Automobiling. In 10 minutes the road was a river and the mud flats were lakes of water. My car bucked into one fork of a road, slowed down and then began to churn the water and mud and then stopped. Mr. Rand's car took the other fork and within 50 feet of us, but up the same performance. out up the same performance The pain was pouring, the lightning flashing and the water running a foot deep all about us. Ropes were hauled out and wrapped about the wheels, and, drenched to the skin, we pulled out for Lordsburg. 50 miles nwny.

The Haven of Refuge.

Running for about an hour through inky darkness, throwing the water over the boots of the cars and spattering our faces with the muddy stuff, we continued, when we discovered that the ropes were wearing out. A red light loomed in the distance and we headed for it. It proved to be the flag station of Mongola, 16 miles from Deming and Ray Walker, section foreman, told us we could spend the night in a vacant shack built of railroad ties and used in the past by Mexican section crews. He said he would be glad to entertain us in his Mexican section crews. He said he would be glad to entertain us in his house, but had company and no spare room. There hadn't been any small-pox in the shacks in five years, he said, so he thought we would be safe.

In a Shack of Ties.

He showed us to a pile of old ties and furnished us a lantern. In the shack was a fireplace and in a few minutes we had a big fire and the steam was rising from our wet clothig in a fog. The last Mexican family had left a

The last Mexican family had left a bunk of boards in the shack and Mr. Walker thought of an old mattress stored at his house, so we borrowed it and spread it on the bunk. This made a capital bed for Mr. Carson and myself. Rinehart and Rand piled all the automobile cushions on the directions of the direction of the floor and got another good bed. Ou overcoats, when dried, made bedcover

The Night's Companions. Two pet cats and a full blooded full dog of Mr. Walker's make their desping quarters in the chack, so buil dog of Mr. Walker's make their alceping quarters in the chack, so they shared it with us and just as we were dozing into slumbers, one of the cats came tearing out from beneath the bunk, growling, its growls mingled with squeals, growing fainter and fainter as we flashed our lights to investigate. The cat had a big wood rat and proceeded to satisfy its appetite at the foot of the Rand-Rinehart bed. While we were investigating this proceeding a big scorpion dropped bed. While we were investigating this proceeding a big scorpion dropped from the old ties that form the roof of our sleeping apartment.

These dign't keep us awake long, but some time later in the night a shout from Mr. Rand, brought us up with equal alacrity, and we found a companion to the wood rat that had have the care the convenient of the convenient in the state of the care that had the care that th

companion to the wood rac imade the cat's supper, snuggled in Mr. Rand's overcoat, where it had (Continued on next page.)

Say the Flesh Is Too Highly El Paso Pathfinders Reach Secretary of State of Colo- Greece Will Aid Servia in rado Says It Would Be a Fatal Mistake.

# MINERS PROTEST AGAINST TROOPS

TRINIDAD, Colo., Sept. 27.—Secretary of state James B. Pearce, who is here to make an investigation of the strike situation in the southern Colorado coal fields, is pre-pared, according to his statements, to puose to the uttermost the movement to have state militia sent.

"It would be a fatal mistake," he said; "the situation does not warrant it." Ethelbert Stewart, the emissary of the United States department of com-merce and labor, has not made any statements since his arrival here other than that he intended to remain here until he has carefully reviewed the 4 situation

Miners Oppose Troops Several hundred miners gathered at labor union hall this morning to reg-ister their sentiments in opposition to the petition to have the troops sent here. The officials of the miners' or-ganization, since the petition has been in circulation, have been making a canvass of the men in an effort to influence them not to sign the petition. Stewart, Pearce and deputy state la-bor commissioner E. V. Brake this morning left for the camps on a mis-sion the purpose of which they would

To Confer with Hayes and Lawson.

Later in the day, it has been aunounced, these officials will hold a conference with the international vice president Frank J. Hayes and district organizer John R. Lawson, of the United Mine workers. The four striking coal miners who arrived yesterday at Ludlow, charged with being implicated in the holdup of the Hastings hack, were arraigned this morning in justice charged with carrying fire-

The funeral of Robert Lee, C. F. and I. marshal, who was shot to death at Segundo Wednesday, will take place at Raton, N. M., tomorrow.

# TO SEND NO MORE STRIKE BREAKERS

wer, Colo., Sept. 27.—Representa

resentatives, no outsiders will be needed to work the mines.

The operators, in reply to complaints of miners that they are being intimidated by armed guards, said today that no guards are employed except on company property, and that strikers who stay off land owned by the corporations will not be molested.

A statement issued by the operators today says that the average wages in the southern fields during the month of August was from \$3.16 to \$4.97 a day.

### August was from \$3.16 to \$4.97 a day. RELIEVE FAMINE OF DUBLIN STRIKERS

Dublin, Ireland, Sept. 27.—A relief ship loaded with provisions, sent by the Traces Union congress to the aid of the Dublin transport workers, reached the Liffey this afternoon. Its The food on board is valued at

INFAVTRY IS WITHDRAWN FROM CALUMET DISTRICT

Beaten-Federation Men Deny Strikers Are Deserting.
Calumet, Mich., Sept. 27.—The last of
the infantry troops in the copper strike
district were to start for home Sunday, leaving only 209 mounted men for

patrol duty. C. C. Anderson, a Salt Lake City real estate agent, who has been in this district for some time and who has been regarded as friendly to the cause of the strikers, was attacked by unidentified men at Copper Range and so severely beaten that attending physicians say he may die. The men had come to look

upon him as a spy.
Thirty additional strikebreakers have arrived at Quincy.

Federation officials deny that any of their men at the Kewcenaw county mines are deserting the union and assert that needy strikers are being sup-plied with food. Larger benefits will be possible when funds commence com-ing in from the American Federation of IAbor. Announcement of the national Iabor. Announcement of the national strike benefit was received from Washington with much satisfaction by the strike leaders.

CRIPPLE AT WALSENBURG Walsenburg, Colo., Sept. 27,—Arthur Miller, a cripple, at the Walsenburg mine, was captured on his way to Walsen by a gang of 20 pickets and when he refused to go back was beaten over the head and shoulders. The pickets then forced him back to the street and into the yard of his home. Miller, who is so crippled that he is forced to use cane, made no attempt to defend him-

This is the second attack since the strike began. The guards on duty at the mine were so far away that they did not witness the attack.

ANOTHER COAL COMPANY
SIGNS UP WITH THE UNION
Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 27.—
The Curtis-Rapson Coal company
signed with the union officials today.
The agreement reached was the same as
that effected between the El Paso Ice
and Coal cumpany and the union yesterday. The El Paso company operates the El Paso and Keystone mines,
which resumed with a full force this
morning. The Pike View mine is now
the only property tied up by the strike
In this field. ANOTHER COAL COMPANY

THREE YOUNG MEN ROB CASH DRAWER OF RANSAS CITY HOTEL Kansus City, Mo., Sept. 27. Three young men held up the proprietor, the clerk and six guests of a hotel in the center of the business district here last

Burton S. Elder, proprietor of the hotel, was relieved of his jewelry and money, and the eash drawer was robbed Nothing was taken from the guests. The robbers escaped.

Transporting Troops to Monastir.

# TURKS THREATEN TO START NEW WAR

ONDON, Eng., Sept. 27.—A desperrate effort is being made by the Servians to reinforce Monastir, which is seriously threatened by the Albanians. The Albanian army, said to be under command of Essad Pasha, con-

Greek railways and anticipate a request for the passage of an entire Servian division through Saloniki.

Severe fighting near Ochrida, in Albania, 100 miles north of Janina, is said to have resulted in the complete success of the Albanians, who captured several guns.

In spite of the confidence expressed at Belgrade, the Servians probably have a long and ardnous campaign before

at Belgrade, the Servians probe-by have a long and arduous campaign before them. The Belgrade newspapers urge the complete extermination of the Albanians. It is reported that both Russia and Austria have warned Servia to confine her operations within her own borders, as defined by the am-bussadorial conference. bassadorial conference. Fear Trouble From Turkey.

Interest in the Albanian situation for the moment has become secondary to that of the friction between Turkey and Greece. It is claimed the powers will veto any attempt of the Turks to seize Kavala, but the futility of the treaty of London to make Adrianople Bulgarian has not imbued the ambitious military party of Young Turks with any great amount of respect for the decision of the European concert. Turkey now is in the hands of the all-powerful military party, which is apt to take any action that will strengthen it with the people. Interest in the Albanian situation for

ALBANIANS ADVANCE Refugees Reaching Belgrade Tell of

Many Atrocities Committed on Christians by Mohammedans. Beigrade, Servia, Sept. 27.—A force of 50,000 Mohammaden Albanians equipped with modern arms and machine guns, advanced today on the towns of Kitchevo Prilip, Prisrend and Letoro. The Servians did not offer any resistance to the advance. Official circles here declare that several days must elapse before the Servian commanders are able to mobil-

Servian commanders are able to mobilize a force of troops sufficiently strong to deal with the Albanians.

The town of Manastier is overflow-The town of Manastier is overflow-ing with fugitives from the country districts who tell of horrible atrocities committed on Christians by Moham-medan Albanians.

TURKEY DEMANDS RETERN OF TWO SEIZED ISLANDS

London, Eng., Sept. 27.-King Con- 1 stantine, of Greece, had a long con-ference today with Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary. The disposition of the islands in the Aegean sea was discussed. Turkey is reported to have demanded that Chios and Mitylene he restored to her before she will consent to resume peace nerotintions with Greece

# "ARMY OF ULSTER" USES DUMMY RIFLES

Eleven Thousand Veterans, Commanded by Retired Army Officers, March In Irish Demonstration.

Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 27.—The re-iew of 11,000 veterans belonging to view of 11,000 veterans belonging to the army of Ulster attracted thousands of persons from the surrounding dis-tricts and from every part of the prov-ince of Ulster. Besides the four Bel-fast regiments, each of them com-manded by a retired army or militia officer, the Ulster "war staff," consist-ing of Gen. Richards, two retired col-onels and two retired captains, pa-raded.

The volunteers were armed with dummy rifles, as the carrying of fire-arms by unlisted persons is prohibited in the British Isles.

Demonstration In Belfast. Pemonstration in heitast.
Fourteen battalions of Ulster volunicers, comprising 1000 men of the "No
Home Rule Army" also marched
brough the streets of Belfast today
and bands playwith the colors flying and bands playing and were accorded a rousing reception by the citizens of the northern Irish capital. Fully 20,000 spectators drawn from all parts of the north of Ireland taxed the capacity of the review ground. e review ground.

When an order was given for three cheers for the Union, the largest Union Jack in the world was broken from the flagstaff in the center of the ground and the volunteers and the

Save the King." TENNESSEE LAWMAKERS MAY

crowds joined in the singing of "God

NOT ACT ON LIQUOR BILLS Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 27.—It was enerally predicted today that the extra esslon of the Tennessee legislature would adjourn late this afternoon. Un-less the unexpected develops during the day, the liquor law enforcement bills, over which there has been a bitter con-test, will not come to a vote.

Measure Ready For Report, Except For Cotton Future Tax Feature.

### UNDERWOOD OFFERS COMPROMISE CLAUSE

W ASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27— Democrats of the joint tariff committee went to work today on the proofs of the conference reports to be submitted to congress early next week. All disputes had been compromised between the two houses, ex-The Greek authorities are expediting the movement of the Serbs over the the movement of the Serbs over the the movement and anticipate a re-

Under that arrangement the house Under that arrangement the house and senate will be compelled to vote on the conference report as a whole, except for the cotton future amendment. The remainder of the report must be accepted or rejected without amendment, while the cotton future amendment can be sent back to conference with further instructions to the conference.

Compromise Is Offered. Representative Underwood today in-troduced in the house the Smith-Lever compromise cotton futures tax pro-vision, so that it could be printed and read by all members before the confer-ence report comes up for consideration. read by all members before the conference report comes up for consideration. The provision is that which it is expected the house will next week instruct its conferees to adopt.

The compromise returns the tax of 1-10 of 1 percent per pound on all purely speculative cotton grading. The tax, however, would be reduced to the nominal sum of 50 cents for what is known as a "contract," embracing 100 bales of 500 pounds each, in case the contract specifies certain provisions that make it conform rigidity to the government's standard of cotton grading.

Complete Except for Cotton Feature. The tariff bill is a completed docu-DVANCE
ON SERVIAN TOWNS
After more than two weeks of constant work behind closed doors, the conference committee on by Mohammedans.

The tariff bill is a completed document, except for the provision taxing cotton traders' income on futures.

After more than two weeks of constant work behind closed doors, the conference committees have settled the last of their differences and reached the final decision that they could not agree on the cotton tax.

Both Sides Make Concessions.

In the final session a further fittles.

In the final session a further futile attempt was made to setfle the fight over the cotton; futures tax. The senate conferees changed front and agreed to give up the Charke amendment altogether but the house members refused to permit this. The senate in turn refused to accept the proposed Smith-Lever compromise and in the end it was determined to report a disagreement to both branches of conagreement to both branches gress, and let the senate regulating or taking the trading cotton for future delivery. The fin differences in the bill were adjust

as follows:
The house receded from its rate of one-half cent a pound on lead ore, and accepted the senate rate of three-fourths cent per pound. The senate receded from its rate of 12 1-2 percent ad valorem on zinc ore,

and accepted the house rate of 10 per

The house gave up its demand that the woolen tariff rates go into effect at once and agreed to the dates fixed by the senate, namely: Woolen goods, January 1, 1914; raw wool, tops and waste, December 1, 1913.

May Send It Back.

Advocates of the cotton futures compromise known as the Smith-Lever plan will endeavor to round up support in the house for a motion to send the bill back to conference again with instructions to the conferees to adopt the compromise plan. A similar mo-

structions to the conferees to adopt the compromise plan. A similar motion probably will be made in the senate.

It is believed the bill cannot be completed by the two houses and sent to the president before the latter part of next week owing to the parliamentary stages through which it must go and the new conference that must be arranged on the content of the conference. arranged on the cotton futures ques-

Charges Irregularities. The elections committee of the house leard mayor Grace, of Charleston, make charges of irregularities in the election of representative Whaley, from the first South Carolina district. A favorable report was ordered on representative Safford's bill to add \$50,000 to the appropriation to a federal appraiser's store house at Milwaukee, Wis.

to noon Monday out of respect for the late representative Roddenberry, of Georgia Currency Committee Rests. Chairman Owen, of the senate bank-ing committee, in a statement today, declared none of the critics of the ad-

kee, Wis.
The house adjourned at 1'45 oclock

declared none of the critics of the administration currency will had attacked its vital features. Hearings were suspended today, to be resumed Monday.

Long Hearing in Prospect.

With enough witnesses desiring to be heard to consume two or three weeks of time and requests for hearing on the administration currency bill still coming in, the senate committee adjourned until Monday.

Wide Range of Disagreements.

Wide Range of Disagreements. Wide kange of Disagreements.

The hearings up to date have deeloped a wide range of disagreement
mong the members of the committee,
of diverging have been the views expressed in the examination of witnesses that some members believe the com-

(Continued on Next Page.)

# U. S. MINT IS ROBBED; DIRECTOR MUST NOW COUNT \$61,754,000 IN SILVER LOSS BELIEVED SMALL

W ASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—The United States mint at San Francisco has been robbed, although it is believed the amount of the same of t has been robbed, although it is believed the amount is small. Treasury officials today confirmed reports of thefts in the plant. They will require a dollar for dollar count of \$61,754,000 of silver stored there to discover the exact

Only \$7 has been found to be missing to this time, but the circumstances indicate that the sum may be increased. George E. Roberts, director of the mint, today said undoubtedly that there had been a scheme of "petty pilfering," but he was confident no great amount had been stolen. It may be necessary for all the coin in the mint to be counted dollar for dollar

and penny for penny. In addition to \$61,754,000 in silver dollars the government's

funds there includes \$110,428,000 in gold, \$106,500 in halves, \$164,000 in quarters, \$83,500 in dimes, \$38,000 in nickels and \$11,600 in pennies. The final decision on the question of counting will rest with the new superintendent of the mint who today was instructed by director Roberts to make the

count as sweeping as necessary. It is probable that the United States secret service will investigate,

# SMITH ASKS \$73,600 FOR INJURED AMERICAN

W ASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27.—Representative Smith of Texas appeared before the senate committee on appropriations Friday to urge an amendment to the urgent deficiency bill, appropriating the payment of \$73,600 indemnity to American citizens injured during the fighting, between the Mexican federal forces and revolutionists, at El Paso and Douglas, about three years ago. The committee did not indicate what action it would take, but representative Smith is hopeful that an amendment will be added to the bill,